

May 7, 2013

Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2013 <under Japanese GAAP>

Company name:	RISO KAGAKU CORPORATION
Listing:	First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange
Stock code:	6413
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Scheduled date of Regular General Meeting of Shareholders:	June 25, 2013
Scheduled date of dividend payment commencement:	June 26, 2013
Scheduled date to file Securities Report:	June 26, 2013
Preparation of supplementary information on business results:	Yes
Holding of briefing on business results:	Yes (for analysts, in Japanese)

(Millions of yen with fractional amounts discarded, unless otherwise noted)

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes.)

1. Consolidated performance for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

(1) Consolidated operating results

	Net sales		Operating inc	ome	Ordinary inc	ome	Net incom	e
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
March 31, 2013	75,455	0.8	4,910	21.2	5,512	27.9	4,827	67.2
March 31, 2012	74,847	(2.7)	4,050	(8.1)	4,309	(12.8)	2,886	(54.1)

Note: Comprehensive income

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013: 6,674 million yen / 167.8% Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012: 2,492 million yen / (51.0%)

	Net income per share	Diluted net income per share	Return on equity	Ordinary income to total assets ratio	Operating income to net sales ratio
Fiscal year ended	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
March 31, 2013	205.80	_	7.6	6.0	6.5
March 31, 2012	117.40	_	4.7	4.8	5.4

Reference: Equity in earnings (losses) of affiliates

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013: - million yen Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012: - million yen

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
March 31, 2013	95,452	66,033	69.2	2,857.52
March 31, 2012	89,697	61,825	68.9	2,559.40

Reference: Shareholders' equity As of March 31, 2013: 66,033 million yen As of March 31, 2012: 61,825 million yen

(3) Consolidated cash flows

	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
Fiscal year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
March 31, 2013	7,287	(5,174)	(2,246)	21,612
March 31, 2012	8,945	(2,212)	(2,773)	20,976

2. Cash dividends

		Cash d	ividends pe	r share	Total dividends	Dividend	Net assets-to	
	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Fiscal year-end	Total	(annual)	pay-out ratio (consolidated)	dividend ratio (consolidated)
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Million of yen	%	%
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	_	0.00	_	40.00	40.00	966	34.1	1.6
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013	_	0.00	_	55.00	55.00	1,270	26.7	2.0
Fiscal year ending March 31, 2014 (Forecast)	_	0.00	_	60.00	60.00		38.5	

3. Forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2014 (from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014)

(Percentages indicate year-on-year changes.)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income		Net income per share
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen
Six months ending September 30, 2013	37,600	6.6	2,000	(9.2)	2,050	(6.5)	1,300	(20.9)	56.26
Fiscal year ending March 31, 2014	79,300	5.1	5,400	10.0	5,500	(0.2)	3,600	(25.4)	155.79

4. Others

- (1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (Changes in specified subsidiaries resulting in the change in scope of consolidation): None
- (2) Changes in accounting policies / changes in accounting estimates / restatement
 - a. Changes due to revisions to accounting standards and other regulations: Yes
 - b. Changes due to other reasons: None
 - c. Changes in accounting estimates: Yes
 - d. Restatement: None

Note: For details, please see page 15, (Changes in Accounting Principles)."

(3) Number of issued shares (common stock)

a. Total number of issued shares at the end of the period (including treasury stock)

As of March 31, 2013	23,703,166 shares
As of March 31, 2012	25,703,166 shares

b. Number of treasury stock at the end of the period

As of March 31, 2013	594,498 shares
As of March 31, 2012	1,546,848 shares

c. Average number of shares during the period

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013	23,454,787 shares
Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	24,587,899 shares

* Indication regarding execution of audit procedures

This financial results report is not subject to the audit procedures in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. At the time of disclosure of this financial results report, the audit procedures for financial statements are in progress.

* Proper use of the forecasts, and other special matters

The forward-looking statements, including forecasts, contained in these materials are based on information currently available to the Company. Actual business may differ substantially from the forecasts due to various factors in the future.

Attached Materials

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1. Business Results

(1) Analysis of Results

a. Results of the fiscal year under review

The RISO Group (RISO) set forth and implemented the medium-term management policy of gaining new customers and achieving strong growth in the printing equipment business. In the fiscal year under review, which was the final fiscal year of the Fourth Medium-term Management Plan, RISO set forth, in its management policy, the objective of achieving a sales increase by expanding the inkjet business and maintaining the digital duplicating business. In Japan, in the inkjet business, the new series released in January of this year got off to a good start and drove overall sales. In the digital duplicating business, although sales fell, RISO strived to maintain profits by promoting installations of high valued-added models such as its two-color digital duplicators. Due to healthy growth in the overseas inkjet business as well, in the fiscal year under review, RISO recorded its first increase in net sales in five years.

Furthermore, since April 2011, the Company has put in place an operating structure to conduct both development and manufacturing of inkjet printers independently. As a result of this effort, in the fiscal year under review, cost of sales decreased and operating income increased in the inkjet business.

As a result, in the consolidated fiscal year under review, net sales were 75,455 million yen (up 0.8% year on year), operating income was 4,910 million yen (up 21.2% year on year), and ordinary income was 5,512 million yen (up 27.9% year on year). In addition, due to the booking of income taxes-deferred in line with the revision of the criteria for determining the collectability of deferred tax assets, net income was 4,827 million yen (up 67.2% year on year).

Please note that the average exchange rates during the consolidated fiscal year under review were 83.10 yen (a 4.02 yen depreciation of the yen year-on-year) for the US dollar and 107.14 yen (a 1.84 yen appreciation of the yen year-on-year) for the euro.

Results by segment are as follows:

• Printing equipment business

RISO, as part of its printing equipment business, engages in the inkjet business, principally with its ORPHIS high-speed color printers, as well as the digital duplicating business, consisting mainly of its RISOGRAPH digital duplicators.

Although sales in the digital duplicating business decreased, sales in the inkjet business did well as installations of machines progressed and sales of consumables increased in line with those installations. As a result, in the printing equipment business, net sales were 73,864 million yen (up 1.0% year on year), and operating income was 4,448 million yen (up 26.0% year on year).

Japan

In the digital duplicating business, although RISO strived for new installations by focusing on sales of high valued-added models such as its two-color digital duplicators, sales decreased. In its inkjet business, sales were strong because of good results from launches of new products, and overall sales thus increased. Net sales were 47,113 million yen (up 1.2% year on year). In the inkjet business, due to the decrease in cost of sales, operating income was 5,557 million yen (up 7.9% year on year).

The Americas

In its inkjet business, with sales of consumables going well, sales increased from the previous year, but sales in the digital duplicating business decreased. Net sales were 4,834 million yen (down 6.6% year on year), while the operating loss decreased to 636 million yen (compared with an operating loss of 1,110 million yen in the same period of the previous year) on a reduction in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Europe

While sales in the inkjet business remained firm as sales of consumables increased on strengthened sales efforts aimed at high-volume users, sales in the digital duplicating business decreased. Due to the yen's appreciation against the euro, net sales were 12,274 million yen (down 0.9% year on year), and the operating loss was 877 million yen (compared with an operating loss of 897 million yen in the same period of the previous year).

Asia

While sales in the digital duplicating business increased, overall sales in the inkjet business went well as the sales structure was put in good order. Net sales were 9,642 million yen (up 7.0% year on year). Operating income, meanwhile, was 404 million yen (up 4.7% year on year).

· Real estate business and others

RISO operates a real estate business focusing on leasing of the Omotesando Building and Shin-Osaka Building as well as a print creating business, mainly engaged in the print service business.

Net sales for the real estate business and others were 1,590 million yen (down 6.3% year on year) and operating income amounted to 462 million yen (down 11.3% year on year).

b. Business outlook for the next fiscal year

RISO regards overseas business expansion as its most important task, and it will gradually roll out new inkjet printer products overseas, putting a focus on gaining new customers worldwide. Furthermore, by proposing new applications of the products, RISO will aim to cultivate new markets and thereby increase sales and profits. RISO forecasts net sales of 79,300 million (up 5.1% year on year) in the next fiscal year. In addition, it forecasts operating income of 5,400 million yen (up 10.0% year on year), ordinary income of 5,500 million yen (down 0.2% year on year), and net income of 3,600 million yen (down 25.4% year on year).

Please note that, in the aforementioned forecast, the assumed exchange rates are 90 yen against the US dollar and 116 yen against the euro.

(2) Analysis of Financial Position

a. Assets, liabilities and net assets

The financial position of RISO at the end of the fiscal year under review compared to the previous fiscal year is as follows.

Total assets and net assets increased 5,754 million yen and 4,207 million yen, respectively.

The main changes in the assets portion include an increase of 696 million yen in notes and accounts receivable-trade, 644 million yen in deferred tax assets, 2,550 million yen in construction in progress, and 898 million yen in long-term deferred tax assets. In the liabilities portion, there was an increase of 2,094 million yen in income taxes payable, in contrast to decreases of 636 million yen in long-term deferred tax liabilities.

b. Cash flows

Cash and cash equivalents ("cash") at the end of the fiscal year under review increased by 636 million yen year on year to 21,612 million yen.

The positions and contributing factors of each cash flow in the fiscal year under review were as follows.

(Cash flows from operating activities)

Net cash provided by operating activities was 7,287 million yen (down 18.5% year on year). This is mainly attributable to income before income taxes and minority interests of 5,018 million yen, depreciation and amortization of 2,553 million yen, amortization of goodwill of 666 million yen, impairment loss of 424 million yen, a decrease in notes and accounts payable-trade of 867 million yen, and a decrease in accounts payable-other of 499 million yen.

(Cash flows from investing activities)

Net cash used in investing activities was 5,174 million yen (up 133.9% year on year). This is primarily the result of the expense of 4,282 million yen for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, and the expense of 796 million yen for the purchase of intangible assets.

(Cash flows from financing activities)

Net cash used in financing activities was 2,246 million yen (down 19.0% year on year). The result mainly reflects an expense of 1,499 million yen for the purchase of treasury stock, and payments of 966 million yen for cash dividends.

(3) Basic Policy for Earning Distribution and Current and Next Fiscal Year Dividends

The Company's basic policy for distribution of earnings to shareholders is:

(1) to allocate an appropriate portion of earnings as a dividend in accordance with business result while retaining

the means to strengthen the corporate structure; and

(2) to strive to make continued, stable dividend payments.

The Company will distribute annual dividends from surplus once a year at the end of every fiscal year. Also, we regard the repurchasing of shares as a measure for allocating earnings to shareholders and will effectuate it taking into account stock price levels and market trends. Our basic policy for the distribution of earnings to shareholders is the allocation of an appropriate portion of earnings as a dividend in accordance with business results while retaining the means to strengthen the corporate structure. RISO will strive to provide a stable dividend based on this policy and distribute annual dividends from surplus once a year at the end of every fiscal year. Also, we regard the repurchasing of shares as a measure for allocating earnings to shareholders and will effectuate it taking into

account stock price levels and market trends.

For the fiscal year under review, the Company plans to pay a year-end dividend of 55 yen per share, which will be an increase of 15 yen from the previous year. As for treasury stock, during the fiscal year under review, the Company acquired a total of 1,047,500 shares for 1,499 million yen, and it retired 2,000,000 shares in February 2013.

With respect to distributions of earnings to shareholders during the period of the Fifth Medium-term Management Plan (RISO Vision 16), in accordance with the basic policy, the Company follows the principle of paying a dividend reflecting operating results, and it will increase its distribution of profits when operating results are strong.

The Company will also continue to conduct acquisitions of treasury stock as appropriate, thereby striving to return profits to shareholders. As a general rule, the Company will retire treasury stock that it holds.

For the next fiscal year, the Company plans to pay a dividend of 60 yen per share.

2. Status of the Corporate Group

The RISO Group (RISO) consists of the Company, 25 subsidiaries, and 1 affiliated company. The main business of the Group is the development, manufacture and sale of printing equipment, as well as related market research. The Group also operates a real estate business and an insurance agency.

The following shows the relationship of main RISO members and their business territories.

RISO KAGAKU CORPORATION (Manufacture and sales)

<Subsidiaries in Japan>

Printing equipment - Sales RISO OKINAWA CORPORATION

<Overseas subsidiaries>

Printing equipment - Sales and market research <u>RISO, INC.</u> <u>RISO LATIN AMERICA, INC.</u> <u>RISO (U.K.) LTD.</u> <u>RISO (Deutschland) GmbH</u> <u>RISO FRANCE S.A.</u> <u>RISO IBERICA, S.A.</u> <u>RISO GRAPH ITALIA S.p.A.</u> <u>RISO EURASIA LLC</u> <u>RISO AFRICA (PTY) LTD.</u> <u>RISO HONG KONG LTD.</u> <u>RISO (Thailand) LTD.</u> <u>RISO INDIA PRIVATE LTD.</u> <u>RISO KOREA LTD.</u>

Printing equipment - Manufacture and sales RISO (CHINA) TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Printing equipment - Manufacture <u>RISO INDUSTRIES (H.K.) LTD.</u> <u>RISO INDUSTRY (Thailand) CO., LTD.</u>

3. Management Policies

(1) Basic Managerial Policies and Medium to Long-Term Business Strategy

In formulating its Fourth Medium-term Management Plan (Riso Vision 13), whose final year was the fiscal year ended in March 31, 2013, RISO set forth the priority issue of achieving strong growth by gaining new customers in its printing equipment business. Accordingly, it implemented the following three items as its basic policy in order to improve profitability.

<Basic Policies in the Fourth Medium-Term Management Plan "Riso Vision 13">

The aim of RISO Vision 13 is to realize strong growth by gaining new customers through the optimum utilization of corporate resources in order to re-establish a stable profit-making business model.

- a. Develop, cultivate and strengthen sales channels in the inkjet business
- b. Build up both the product planning system and sales planning system on a global basis
- c. Conduct a dynamic review of both the manufacturing system as well as the structure of selling, general and administrative expenses

Consolidated net sales: ¥83 billion, Consolidated operating income: ¥2.5 billion

During the period of the Fourth Medium-term Management Plan (RISO Vision 13), sales channel construction and cultivation overseas did not proceed as planned. Furthermore, since yen appreciation was greater than assumed when the plan was formulated, RISO could not achieve 83 billion yen in consolidated net sales, which was the target for the final fiscal year. On the profit front, the Company constructed an operating structure for it to develop and manufacture inkjet printers independently. In addition, by working to carry out a cost reduction review including a business restructuring in its North American subsidiaries, the Company achieved its target of 2.5 billion yen for consolidated operating income in each of the three years of that medium-term management plan.

In order to continue pursuing expansion of sales channels and gaining of new customers, from the fiscal year ending in March 31, 2014, RISO will work to carry out its Fifth Medium-term Management Plan (RISO Vision 16), whose final year is the fiscal year ending in March 31, 2016. In particular, as its most important task, RISO will work to expand its overseas business.

<Basic Policies in the Fifth Medium-Term Management Plan "RISO Vision 16">

Energize corporate activities through individual ideas and action to expand sales channels and gain new customers worldwide

- a. Expand RISO business by strengthening overseas sales planning/promotions The Company recognizes expansion of overseas business as the most important task for RISO. Through worldwide sharing of the sales principles and sales know-how cultivated in Japan, RISO will aim to strengthen the group sales-planning function and thereby expand its overseas business.
- b. Increase new inkjet hardware installations by expanding and reinforcing sales channels. In the inkjet business, by aggressively investing to expand sales channels, strengthening sales training, and implementing sales promotion activities to promote the superiority of its products, RISO will strive to acquire new customers.
- c. Maintain revenue in the digital duplicating business by focusing customer management In the digital duplicating business, by improving customer satisfaction and by aggressively implementing sales promotion activities in the strategic regions overseas with promising demand in the digital duplicating business, the Group will strive to maintain profits.
- d. Establish a new production structure and prepare for a changing environment RISO will work to improve production efficiency and reduce costs, as well as to construct a production

structure capable of responding to future increases in production.

- e. Take on the challenge to create new businesses
- f. Involvement of all employees to challenge beyond individual potential to be more involved in RISO business

(2) Business Performance Target

In the fifth Medium-term Management Plan (RISO Vision 16), RISO has set the following figures as financial targets in the fiscal year ending in March 31, 2016.

Consolidated net sales: ¥86 billion, Consolidated operating income: ¥7 billion, ROE: 7% *Exchange rates: 1US dollar: ¥90.00, 1euro: ¥116.00

(3) Issues to Address

In the printing equipment business, which is RISO's mainstay business, the inkjet business is growing, but the digital duplicating business is continuing to follow a trend of decline. A key issue for RISO to address is to accelerate the speed of growth in the inkjet business and maintain and recover in the digital duplicating business. In addition, while the level of overseas sales remains low, we recognize the urgency of our efforts to construct and cultivate overseas sales channels.

Under these circumstances, RISO has formulated its fifth Medium-term Management Plan. RISO's Management Policy for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2014, which is the first year of the aforementioned plan, is as follows.

<Management Policies for Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2014>

- a. Promote gaining of new markets and new customers throughout the whole RISO Group
- b. Strengthen the overseas sales management and sales planning functions to expand overseas business
- c. Utilize newly establishing RISO Research and Design Center efficiently and accelerate development
- d. Establish production facilities towards optimization of global plant network

4. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated balance sheets

		(Millions of ye
	As of March 31, 2012	As of March 31, 2013
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	13,377	13,90
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	14,240	14,93
Short-term investment securities	8,731	8,98
Merchandise and finished goods	8,916	9,30
Work in process	548	48
Raw materials and supplies	1,928	2,42
Deferred tax assets	1,400	2,04
Other	1,840	1,63
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(275)	(29
Total current assets	50,707	53,42
Noncurrent assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	17,982	17,91
Accumulated depreciation	(11,853)	(12,29
Buildings and structures, net	6,129	5,62
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	7,114	7,54
Accumulated depreciation	(6,192)	(6,52
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	921	1,02
Tools, furniture and fixtures	14,841	14,94
Accumulated depreciation	(14,318)	(14,05
Tools, furniture and fixtures, net	522	88
Land	16,943	17,12
Lease assets	328	26
	(183)	
Accumulated depreciation		(12
Lease assets, net	145	13
Construction in progress	427	2,93
Other	10,964	10,02
Accumulated depreciation	(8,515)	(7,48
Other, net	2,449	2,53
Total property, plant and equipment	27,540	30,32
Intangible assets		
Goodwill	2,009	1,34
Software	2,303	2,40
Other	2,397	1,88
Total intangible assets	6,709	5,63
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	1,463	1,82
Long-term loans receivable	239	19
Deferred tax assets	_	89
Other	3,142	3,20
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(104)	(5
Total investments and other assets	4,740	6,06
Total noncurrent assets	38,989	42,02
Total assets	89,697	95,45

		(Millions of yen
	As of March 31, 2012	As of March 31, 2013
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	11,197	11,149
Short-term loans payable	2,227	2,839
Current portion of long-term loans payable	2	2
Income taxes payable	290	2,384
Provision for bonuses	1,578	1,631
Provision for directors' bonuses	50	66
Provision for product warranties	93	48
Other	7,235	6,847
Total current liabilities	22,676	24,969
Noncurrent liabilities		
Long-term loans payable	38	35
Deferred tax liabilities	636	-
Provision for retirement benefits	3,691	3,807
Provision for loss on litigation	57	-
Other	771	605
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,195	4,448
Total liabilities	27,872	29,418
Net assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock	14,114	14,114
Capital surplus	14,779	14,779
Retained earnings	37,874	39,159
Treasury stock	(2,011)	(935
Total shareholders' equity	64,757	67,118
Accumulated other comprehensive income		,
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(107)	249
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(2,825)	(1,334
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	(2,932)	(1,085
Total net assets	61,825	66,033
Total liabilities and net assets	89,697	95,452

(2) Consolidated statements of (comprehensive) income

(Consolidated statements of income)

		(Millions of year
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Net sales	74,847	75,455
Cost of sales	34,259	33,286
Gross profit	40,588	42,168
Selling, general and administrative expenses	36,538	37,258
Operating income	4,050	4,910
Non-operating income		
Interest income	156	168
Dividends income	32	32
Foreign exchange gains	_	165
Other	356	387
- Total non-operating income	545	753
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	47	58
Foreign exchange losses	146	_
Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets	30	51
Other	61	40
Total non-operating expenses	286	151
- Ordinary income	4,309	5,512
Extraordinary income		
Insurance return	43	38
Gain on transfer of goodwill	263	22
Gain on transfer of business	110	_
Total extraordinary income	417	61
- Extraordinary loss		
Impairment loss	210	424
Business structure improvement expenses	93	109
Loss on valuation of investment securities	_	21
Loss on factory restructurings	143	_
Total extraordinary losses	447	555
Income before income taxes and minority interests	4,280	5,018
Income taxes-current	430	2,398
Income taxes-deferred	962	(2,206)
Total income taxes	1,393	191
Income before minority interests	2,886	4,827
Net income	2,886	4,827

(Consolidated statements of comprehensive income)

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Income before minority interests	2,886	4,827
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(85)	356
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(308)	1,490
Total other comprehensive income	(394)	1,847
Comprehensive income	2,492	6,674
Comprehensive income attributable to		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	2,492	6,674
Comprehensive income attributable to minority interests	_	_

(3) Consolidated statements of changes in net assets

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Shareholders' equity		
Capital stock		
Balance at the beginning of current period	14,114	14,114
Balance at the end of current period	14,114	14,114
Capital surplus		
Balance at the beginning of current period	14,779	14,779
Balance at the end of current period	14,779	14,779
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of current period	36,249	37,874
Changes of items during the period		
Dividends from surplus	(1,261)	(966)
Net income	2,886	4,827
Retirement of treasury stock	_	(2,575)
Total changes of items during the period	1,624	1,284
Balance at the end of current period	37,874	39,159
Treasury stock		
Balance at the beginning of current period	(511)	(2,011)
Changes of items during the period		
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,500)	(1,500
Retirement of treasury stock	_	2,575
Total changes of items during the period	(1,500)	1,075
Balance at the end of current period	(2,011)	(935)
Total shareholders' equity		
Balance at the beginning of current period	64,633	64,757
Changes of items during the period		
Dividends from surplus	(1,261)	(966)
Net income	2,886	4,827
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,500)	(1,500)
Retirement of treasury stock	_	-
Total changes of items during the period	124	2,360
Balance at the end of current period	64,757	67,118

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		
Balance at the beginning of current period	(21)	(107)
Changes of items during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(85)	356
Total changes of items during the period	(85)	356
Balance at the end of current period	(107)	249
– Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Balance at the beginning of current period	(2,516)	(2,825)
Changes of items during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(308)	1,490
Total changes of items during the period	(308)	1,490
Balance at the end of current period	(2,825)	(1,334)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income		
Balance at the beginning of current period	(2,538)	(2,932)
Changes of items during the period		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(394)	1,847
Total changes of items during the period	(394)	1,847
Balance at the end of current period	(2,932)	(1,085)
Total net assets		
Balance at the beginning of current period	62,095	61,825
Changes of items during the period		
Dividends from surplus	(1,261)	(966)
Net income	2,886	4,827
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,500)	(1,500)
Retirement of treasury stock	_	_
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(394)	1,847
Total changes of items during the period	(269)	4,207
Balance at the end of current period	61,825	66,033

(4) Consolidated statements of cash flows

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	4,280	5,018
Depreciation and amortization	2,319	2,553
Impairment loss	210	424
Amortization of goodwill	659	666
Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits	94	116
Increase (decrease) in provision for directors' bonuses	(10)	16
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(206)	(65)
Interest and dividends income	(188)	(200)
Gain on maturity of insurance contract	(43)	(38)
Interest expenses	47	58
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	176	(221)
Loss (gain) on transfer of business	(110)	-
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(547)	291
Decrease (increase) in inventories	1,307	26
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	(1,037)	(867
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other	1,189	(499
Other, net	1,468	231
Subtotal	9,608	7,508
Interest and dividends income received	187	202
Interest expenses paid	(45)	(65
Income taxes paid	(832)	(361
Income taxes refund	27	2
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	8,945	7,287
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		
Payments into time deposits	(1,519)	(1,547
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	1,198	1,504
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(869)	(4,282
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	19	42
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,158)	(796
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	13	8
Payments of loans receivable	(23)	(0
Collection of loans receivable	23	3
Proceeds from maturity of insurance funds	87	78
Proceeds from transfer of business	110	-
Other, net	(94)	(184)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,212)	(5,174)

		(Millions of yen)
	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	85	287
Repayment of long-term loans payable	(16)	(2)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,499)	(1,499)
Repayments of lease obligations	(79)	(65)
Cash dividends paid	(1,262)	(966)
Other, net	(0)	(0)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,773)	(2,246)
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(113)	769
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,846	636
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	17,130	20,976
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	20,976	21,612

(Changes in Accounting Principles)

Changes in accounting policies for items that are difficult to distinguish from changes in accounting estimates

Following the revision of the Corporation Tax Act, the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries applied the depreciation method in compliance with the revised Corporation Tax Act to property, plant and equipment acquired on or after April 1, 2012, from the current first quarter.

As a result of this change, operating income, ordinary income, and income before income taxes and minority interests for the fiscal year under review have each increased 105 million yen in comparison with the previous method.

(Segment Information)

- a. Segment information
 - 1. Reportable segments

Reportable segments of the Company are constituent units for which separate financial information is obtainable, and the Board of Directors periodically conducts examinations of these segments to determine the distribution of management resources and evaluate performance.

The Company's business is classified into the printing equipment business and real estate business and others, and domestic sales for the printing equipment business are effected by the Company's Sales Division and two regional subsidiaries. Overseas sales are effected by local entities in each country under the control of the Company's International Sales Division in the Americas, Europe and Asia. Local entities in each country constitute independent business units and business activities are undertaken with respect to products handled with comprehensive strategies formulated in collaboration with the Company's International Sales Division for each respective region.

Consequently, the Company's printing equipment business is made up of four reportable segments according to geography, namely "Japan," "The Americas," "Europe," and "Asia," based on the Company's sales framework.

2. Methods to determine the amounts of sales, income or loss, assets, liabilities and other items

The accounting method for the business segments that are reported is largely the same as the one for the consolidated financial statements.

Figures for reportable segment profit are on the basis of operating income.

For information regarding assets, liabilities and other items for each reportable segment, the Company has production bases in Japan, China and Thailand for the printing equipment business, and in terms of production activities, as the manufacture of products is carried out in those countries for all geographical areas of the printing equipment business, it is difficult to allocate assets and the like relating to production to specific regions. In addition, as real estate business and others is mainly real estate leasing, as a rule it does not have increases or decreases in assets. As a result, we carry out performance evaluations for each of these businesses mainly on the basis of profit and loss information, and information on assets, liabilities and the like is not disclosed as it is not treated as information central to the distribution of management resources and performance evaluation.

3. Information on sales and income or loss for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(Millions of yen)

		Printing equipment business				Real estate	
	Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total	business and others	Total
Sales	46,572	5,177	12,390	9,008	73,149	1,698	74,847
Segment income (loss)	5,150	(1,110)	(897)	386	3,528	521	4,050

Notes: 1. Real estate business and others includes real estate business and print creating business.

- 2. The main countries and areas included in each segment for the printing equipment business are as follows:
 - (1) The Americas U.S. and Canada
 - (2) Europe Germany, United Kingdom and France
 - (3) Asia China, Thailand, South Korea and India
- 3. The total amount of segment income (loss) is the same as the amount of operating income on the consolidated statements of income.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

(Millions of yen)

		Printin	ig equipment bi	equipment business		Real estate	
	Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total	business and others	Total
Sales	47,113	4,834	12,274	9,642	73,864	1,590	75,455
Segment income (loss)	5,557	(636)	(877)	404	4,448	462	4,910

Notes: 1. Real estate business and others includes real estate business and print creating business.

2. The main countries and areas included in each segment for the printing equipment business are as follows:

- (1) The Americas ····· U.S. and Canada
- (2) Europe Germany, United Kingdom and France
- (3) Asia China, Thailand, South Korea and India
- 3. The total amount of segment income (loss) is the same as the amount of operating income on the consolidated statements of income.

b. Pertinent information

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

1. Information for each product and service

This item is omitted as it duplicates the information disclosed in segment information.

2. Information by each region

(1) Sales

(Millions of yen)

Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total
48,196	5,231	12,390	9,029	74,847

Notes: Net sales are classified according to country or region, based on the domicile of customers.

The main countries or regions belonging to each classification are as follows.

The Americas: U.S. and Canada

Europe: Germany, United Kingdom and France

Asia: China, Thailand, South Korea and India

(2) Property, plant and equipment

(Millions of yen)

Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total
26,199	331	155	854	27,540

3. Information by each major customer

The Company's printing equipment business and real estate business and others make sales to an unspecified number of general customers. As there is no particular customer that accounts for 10% or more of sales, the disclosure of information by major customer is omitted.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

1. Information for each product and service

This item is omitted as it duplicates the information disclosed in segment information.

2. Information by each region

(1) Sales

(Millions of yen)

Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total
48,637	4,895	12,274	9,647	75,455

Notes: Net sales are classified according to country or region, based on the domicile of customers.

The main countries or regions belonging to each classification are as follows.

The Americas: U.S. and Canada

Europe: Germany, United Kingdom and France

Asia: China, Thailand, South Korea and India

(2) Property, plant and equipment

(Millions of yen)

Japan	The Americas	Europe	Asia	Total
28,726	276	150	1,169	30,323

3. Information by each major customer

The Company's printing equipment business and real estate business and others make sales to an unspecified number of general customers. As there is no particular customer that accounts for 10% or more of sales, the disclosure of information by major customer is omitted.

c. Information on impairment loss on noncurrent assets for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(Millions of yen)

	Printing equipment business	Real estate business and others	Total
Impairment loss	210	-	210

Notes: Impairment loss in the printing equipment business is not shown for each segment by geographic area, as it is the balance for the entire printing equipment business and is not allocated to specific geographic area.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

(Millions of yen)

	Printing equipment business	Real estate business and others	Total
Impairment loss	424	-	424

Notes: Impairment loss in the printing equipment business is not shown for each segment by geographic area, as it is the balance for the entire printing equipment business and is not allocated to specific geographic area.

d. Information on amortization of goodwill and remaining goodwill balance for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012)

(Millions of yen)

	Printing equipment business	Real estate business and others	Total
Amortized amount in current period	659	-	659
Balance at the end of current period	2,009	-	2,009

Notes: The balance of goodwill at the end of the current period in the printing equipment business is not shown for each segment by geographic area, as it is the balance for the entire printing equipment business and is not allocated to specific geographic area.

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

(Millions of yen)

	Printing equipment business	Real estate business and others	Total
Amortized amount in current period	666	-	666
Balance at the end of current period	1,344	-	1,344

Notes: The balance of goodwill at the end of the current period in the printing equipment business is not shown for each segment by geographic area, as it is the balance for the entire printing equipment business and is not allocated to specific geographic area. e. Information on gain on negative goodwill for each reportable segment

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 (from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012) No items to report

Fiscal year ended March 31, 2013 (from April 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013)

No items to report

(Subsequent events)

The Company's Board of Directors resolved at the meeting held on May 7, 2013 to purchase treasury stock as described below, pursuant to the provisions of Article 156 of the Corporate Law as applied by replacing the relevant terms pursuant to the provisions of Article 165, Paragraph 3 of the same Law.

(1) Type of shares to be purchased: Common stock of the Company

(2) Number of shares to be purchased: 1,000,000 shares

(3) Total purchase cost: 2,000,000,000 yen

(4) Purchase period: From May 16, 2013 to July 16, 2013